## **IN THE SPECIFICATION**

Please replace the paragraph at page 4, lines 9-15, with the following rewritten paragraph:

The resources comprise for example time slots, spectral spreading codes intended to separate the different communications and/or transmission frequencies.

The random sequence for the dynamic allocation is preferably calculated by:

$$X(1)=x_0$$

$$X(i+1) = mod((a.X(i)+b-1,2^{N})+1$$

$$X(i+1) = mod((a \cdot X(i) + b - 1, 2^N) + 1$$

where  $x_0$  is a word of N bits,  $x_0$  constituting the seed of the sequence, a-1 is a non-zero integer which is a multiple of 4, i is a sequence index, and b is an odd number,

and where N is an integer such that  $2^N$  is greater than the maximum number of available resources.

Please replace the paragraph at page 8, lines 3-6, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Assume now, after connected grouping, that the available values of  $R_1$  are indexed by j=1,...,J and the available values of  $R_2$  are indexed by s=1,...,S. The total number of available values will be denoted  $T=J\cdot S$   $T=J\cdot S$  and the number of values to be allocated according to the fast dynamic allocation will be denoted A.

Please replace the paragraph at page 8, lines 7-8, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Putting  $r = (s-1) \cdot J + j$  (s-1). J + j, the index r is an index of scanning of the set of available resources.

Application No. 10/052,458 Reply to Office Action of November 18, 2005

Please replace the paragraph at page 8, lines 11-16, with the following rewritten paragraph:

Such a sequence can advantageously be generated by recurrence in the following manner:

$$X(1)=x_{0}$$

$$X(i+1)=\operatorname{mod}((a\cdot X(i)+b-1,2^{N})+1)$$

$$X(i+1)=\operatorname{mod}((a\cdot X(i)+b-1,2^{N})+1)$$
(1)

where  $x_0$  is a word of N bits,  $x_0$  constituting the seed of the sequence, a-1 is a non-zero integer which is a multiple of 4, i is a sequence index, and b is an odd number.